

Saturday Nights the Real Estate Columns of the "News" are Closely Studied by Those Interested in Buying or Selling Real Estate.

10 PAGES—LAST EDITION.

CANNOT HOLD JOBS FOR GUARDSMEN.

Employers Complain to Gov. H. M. Wells That Are Deprived of Services of the Men.

WANT BOYS RELEASED AT ONCE.

Or Some Definite Date Named for Return of the Troops to the City.

THREATEN TO DISCHARGE THEM.

Merchants Say That It Is Impossible To Hold Open the Positions of Soldiers.

A number of the employers of members of the National Guard, who are doing duty at the coal mines pending the settlement of the strike, have complained to Gov. Wells about being deprived of the services of their employees and have threatened to discharge them unless they are released from military service or some definite date is set for the return of the troops. They complain of great inconvenience because of being deprived of the services of their employees and claim that they cannot do without them any longer, and that they will either have to be released or the employers will find other men to fill their positions.

Governor Wells regrets that any of the business men of this city should hold such views in regard to the matter. He says that this was an emergency which had to be met, and everyone had to make some sacrifice, and that the business men should certainly be willing to suffer such minor inconveniences in view of the great sacrifices being made by the members of the militia themselves. He further said that he hoped the employers would be lenient with the boys and save their jobs for them until they return.

SITUATION BRIGHTER.

The Salt Lake office of the Utah Fuel company were notified today, that 136 men were working today, at Winter Quarters and at Sunnyside 375 men; also that there was an increased output of the mines all around. Seven new miners were sent down from this city this morning, to Sunnyside, and every southbound train carries recruits. Men are calling daily at the Salt Lake office, asking for work, and all reliable looking men are accepted. For the present, all new men will be sent to Sunnyside.

Gen. Cannon wired Adj.-Gen. Burton this morning that he was going to Sunnyside for a couple of days, and that all was quiet on the Potomac. The telegraph service between Salt Lake and the camps is very unsatisfactory, and if the R. M. Bell Telephone company had wires into that country, the telegraph company would either have to reform or go out of business down there. Gen. Burton sent a telegram Friday to Gen. Cannon, and the message reached him Sunday afternoon. Mail sent Friday, reached the general the next day, one day ahead of the telegraph service. Gen. Burton thinks the Western Union might do better.

Lieut. Pembroke of H company, who has been in town since Monday, rejoins his command tomorrow, at Castle Gate.

Capt. Sam Porter is busy looking after commissary stores for the four soldier camps.

ATTEMPT TO WRECK TRAIN.

Strikers Place Timbers Across Tracks Near Castle Gate Mine.

(Special to the "News.")

Sunnyside, Dec. 4.—A dastardly attempt to wreck traffic on the Rio Grande was discovered last night by an armed guard at a point near the steel bridge over the Price river near Castle Gate. At this point someone, presumably one of the Italian strikers, had torn up the heavy planking of the bridge and had placed the timber in such a manner across the tracks that had it not been discovered a wreck would have most assuredly occurred. The guard lost no time in moving the obstacles. The track is being closely watched against any similar attempt on the part of the Italians.

Mr. Thall, representing the Federation of Labor, is in Sunnyside today for the purpose of conferring with the strikers and looking over the situation. He met a committee of strikers this morning. Ten to 15 men are expected to arrive here today to work in the mines.

Tents are being erected for them on company property. They will be escorted into camp by the deputy sheriffs.

About one-third of the entire force is working in the mines here. There is no increase in the output today compared with yesterday.

There is some sickness in the camp. Steward Snallery of the hospital corps is suffering from slight throat trouble, and one or two others have colds. Privates W. Woolley, troop A, E. Davidson, battery A, and Cook Wells were sent home today on account of sickness. There is a probability that a warrant will be issued at Scedoid today for the

ORGANIZER PRICE, UPON THE CHARGE OF INCITING TO RIOT.

Without doubt a detachment of the National Guard will be established at Castle Gate and probably headquarters will be maintained there in a day or two.

There are 145 miners at work here today, and 648 tons of coal were dumped here yesterday.

John Jones, foreman of the coke ovens at Castle Gate, is here with his men to start up new coke ovens. Will stay here till the strike is over.

Gen. Cannon and other officers came late last night to inspect the camp and size up the situation.

Several of the company guards have been discharged for getting drunk.

Three wagonloads of miners will come today from Emery county. Some Castle Gate miners have commenced work here today.

TIM MCCARTY SENTENCED.

Walking Delegate Gets One Year For Extortion.

New York, Dec. 4.—Timothy McCarthy, the walking delegate of the House-smiths & Bridgmen's union, who was convicted of extortion, was today sentenced to serve one year in the penitentiary on Blackwell's island.

In sentencing McCarthy, Recorder Goff said that McCarthy was simply the tool of Sam Parks, and that he took this into consideration in the sentence.

FOUR CHINAMEN DROWNED.

Were Being Smuggled in and Fell Into Erie Canal.

Buffalo, N. Y., Dec. 4.—A wagonload of Chinamen who were being smuggled into this country was overturned today and fell into the Erie canal. Four of the Chinamen were drowned.

MAURA TO FORM NEW CABINET.

Madrid, Dec. 4.—Premier Villaverde, who yesterday tendered the resignation of the cabinet to King Alfonso owing to the Republican opposition to the passage of the budget bill, has decided to form a new cabinet, and has advised the king to entrust the task to Senor Maura, former minister of the interior.

AMERICAN JEWS.

No New Rules Regarding Their Entrance Into Russia Promulgated.

St. Petersburg, Dec. 4.—Regarding the statement cable from Berlin Dec. 1, that American Jews are no longer permitted to cross the Russian frontier without a special permit in each case from M. Von Plehve, the Russian interior minister, the authorities say no new rules have been issued in connection with the admission of American or other Jews. All foreigners are required to have their passports viced by Russian consular or diplomatic agents abroad, and except certain privileged classes, Jews of all nationalities are declined visas in accordance with a policy of long standing. It is fully understood at the state department at Washington that without viced passports a special permit is required. In the case of Dr. Cohen of San Francisco, the facts are that he had been declined a visa and he applied through Ambassador McCormick for permission to spend three weeks in Warsaw. Minister Von Plehve thereupon readily issued a telegraphic permit voluntarily extending the period to a month.

Short Session of the House.

Washington, Dec. 4.—The house was in session five minutes today. Mr. Butler (N. Y.) and Mr. Nevin (Ohio) were sworn in as members.

W. M. SPRINGER DEAD.

Former Democratic Leader in the House Dies of Pneumonia.

Washington, Dec. 4.—Former Representative William M. Springer of Illinois, a Democratic leader conspicuous in the house of representatives during the Forty-fourth to Fifty-third Congresses, inclusive, and once chairman of the ways and means committee of the house, died at his residence in this city, aged 64 years, today. His death was due to pneumonia contracted in Chicago, Thanksgiving day. He was attending a dinner there and was suddenly taken with a violent chill. He left Chicago and arrived here last Saturday afternoon very ill. His family physician, Dr. J. B. Gregg Curtis, was immediately summoned, but Mr. Springer grew steadily worse. He passed away at 3:25 o'clock this morning. His wife and son, Chaplain R. W. Springer, U. S. A., who has been stationed at Fort Mifflin, Pa., were at the bedside during the distinguished patient's dying hours.

Mr. Springer has been a resident of this city during the last few years following his retirement from Congress and following the practice of law begun at Springfield, Ill., before his congressional career began. He has represented many of the Indian claims before the interior department and before the federal and local courts here.

The Moccasin High and Dry.

Cape Henry, Va., Dec. 4.—The submarine torpedo boat Moccasin is high and dry on Currituck beach. The boat is apparently in good condition with not a drop of water inside. The Yankton and Vixen have gone to the scene of the stranded vessel.

Washington, Dec. 4.—In a dispatch to the navy department this morning from Admiral Harrington, commanding the navy yard at Portsmouth, Va., he reports the arrival of the Peoria with the Alder in tow, and also that the Yankton had gone after the Moccasin in another attempt to rescue her.

Big Cache of Dynamite Found.

Chicago, Dec. 4.—Dynamite in large quantities has been found by Assistant Chief Schuetter hidden in the north-west part of the city. The find was followed by the immediate institution of a search for the persons who secreted the explosive and who are said to be connected with the car barn bandits captured in the swamps across the Indiana state line.

FORGERY CASE CONTINUED.

Only one case was set in Judge Diehl's court this morning. It was the matter of J. W. Kane, charged with forgery. The case was continued because of the death of Judge Reeves' mother. Judge Reeves is the defendant's attorney. The case will be heard in a few days.

FARMER COAL DIGGERS HEADED OFF BY STRIKERS.

Conditions in Carbon and Emery County Are Reviewed by Former Member of The Legislature Who Hits Out Straight From the Shoulder Regarding "Half Civilized Non-American Citizens" and the Methods of the Labor Unions.

Hon. William Howard, a prominent merchant of Emery county and former member of the State Legislature, in a communication to the "News" makes the following pithy remarks from the standpoint of the farmer and the taxpaying citizen, on the prevailing strike among the coal diggers of Carbon county:

Huntington, Emery Co., Dec. 2.—Brigham Gould, from Sunnyside, has visited several of our towns lately to hire men to work at the mines. He succeeded in having a number promise to go but before they all got started Jack Coombs and David Wilson, striking miners from Sunnyside, came over to head them off, and, as the last named are not over particular as to the stories they tell, they are getting quite a lot of sympathy from some of the people. Coombs and Wilson say that the strikers are peaceable and lawabiding, that they have made no threats, and all the stories told by the newspapers, company officials, state officials and correspondents are not true. They want a recognition of the union and an increase in wages, and they want the people of this county to keep away.

Mr. Gould is getting quite a lot of men to go out to work, notwithstanding there are two against one. Now the worst thing that could happen to the people of Emery county would be to recognize the union, for this reason: There are many farmers who stay at home and take care of their farms in the summer season, and go to the mines to work in the winter. If a union is established they cannot get a day's work without they join the union, and they must pay \$15 to join and \$1 a month whether they work or not as long as they belong.

Another thing: In large camps there are apt to be a few families that do not belong to the union. If our peddlers sell a few dozen eggs or a pound of butter to a non-union family, they will be boycotted and compelled to quit the business. Besides that, patriotic American citizens ought to be ashamed to join any organization of foreigners that will drag the American flag upside down, or under a red rag in their parades.

Get rid of half civilized non-American citizens first, then organize if you want to, but remember the higher your wages are, the harder it is for thousands of other poor working people to buy coal to keep from freezing during the winter months. It is impossible to hurt the coal companies when it is the public, poor as well as rich, that has to pay the increased wages.

It is also the people of the state that have to pay the cost of preserving the peace and protecting property at all times, and especially during strikes for not one miner in 10 pays a cent of taxes, they do not care what the cost is, as long as they can work for the companies they work for, and also to the people of the state, which they do, when they say you can work because you belong to the union, but you can't, because you don't. Capital and trades working men may quarrel and contend in strife, but the farmers have to support them all.

LOVE EXISTED ON BOTH SIDES.

Courtship Between Dr. Keen and Mr. Nipper Was Carried on By Mutual Consent.

SOME TALK OF "HUSH MONEY."

Letters and Telegrams Introduced Showing Close Relationship of Parties Concerned.

At this morning's session of the federal court, in the case of Emma J. Keen vs. Thomas Nipper, Judge Powers continued his cross-examination of the plaintiff, bringing out the fact that Mr. Nipper had paid various sums of money to the plaintiff and endeavoring to prove that she had also been paid "hush money," which, however, the witness positively denied.

During the cross-examination counsel for the defense introduced in evidence a score or more letters and telegrams, some of which counsel for defendant sought to show had been tampered with, either by Dr. Keen or by others with her consent. These letters and telegrams were from Mr. Nipper to the plaintiff and contained endearing terms, indicating that the love between them was not all on one side. The letters were addressed to "My Dear Girl," and "My Dear Emma," and invariably closed with "Yours, Tom," or "Yours, T. J. N."

HAD DONE WRONG.

In one of the letters, dated Salt Lake City, May 11, 1899, Mr. Nipper says: "I feel that I have done you a great wrong," and expresses the conviction that, "I'll soon be with you forever. Also that he was sad and lonely without her; that he was cold towards her; and didn't want to see her again. Then the query: "Who told you all that stuff about me? I never did anything of the kind."

MRS. NIPPER'S THREAT.

In other letters the defendant repeats his love for the plaintiff, and assures her that all will be well in due season. Then along in 1900 a change comes over the scene and Nipper calls her a "chronic complainer," and comes to the conclusion that all she wants of him is money. Later he promises to pay her \$5,000 soon after Aug. 1, and on Feb. 16, 1901, Mrs. Nipper appears on the scene with a letter to Dr. Keen warning her against coming to Salt Lake, and telling her that if she doesn't leave Tom alone, she will kill her. At the conclusion of the reading of the letters the court took a recess till this afternoon.

COAL FOR CHRISTMAS.

Z. C. M. I. Makes Its Usual Donation Of 100 Tons to the Poor.

The following letter from Thomas G. Webber, superintendent of Z. C. M. I., to William B. Preston, presiding Bishop of the Church, is self-explanatory:

"Dear Sir—I enclose with this a copy of a letter we have addressed to Mr. Arthur Winter, secretary and treasurer of the Gress Creek Coal company, authorizing him to deliver upon your orders 100 tons of lump coal. This is the institution's usual Christmas gift to the poor of this city, and we shall be under obligations to you if you will kindly have the same distributed to the needy poor in this city, without respect to color or religion."

This letter was received by Bishop Preston today and the coal will be distributed among the different wards, according to their respective needs, as soon as possible.

Eleven Coal Miners Killed.

Liege, Belgium, Dec. 4.—Eleven coal miners were killed today at the Gasson-Lagasse mine at Montignee, through the breaking of the rope by which a cage was being hauled up. The men were precipitated to the bottom of the pit and their bodies horribly mangled.

SUGAR PLANT AT LELAND.

Cutting Station to Go Up There If Guarantees Are Furnished.

IDAHO PLANT RUNS WELL.

New Pumping Plant Will be Located on the R. G. W. Almost Equi Distant From Payson and Spanish Fork.

Advices received by the "News" this morning from Payson and Spanish Fork convey the gratifying intelligence that the question of the location of another pumping plant, or cutting station for the Utah Sugar Company, has been settled satisfactorily to all the towns concerned. For a long time past the beet growers around Payson, Spanish Fork, Benjamin, Salem, etc., have been working for the establishment of an auxiliary plant connected with the factory at Lehi by pipes, in order to save the long haul and the vexatious problem of unloading at railway stations. The Utah Sugar Company has always answered that when the farmers could give the necessary guarantee of acreage, the pumping plant would be built. The amount required was 4,000 acres for five years. Committees have been appointed and the assurance given that the necessary crop will be forthcoming for next year. As the people themselves do not agree where the plant should be located, it was decided that the matter should be left to Manager Cutler of the Sugar company and he with Superintendent George Austin has been on the ground for several days past, looking for a locality which would be satisfactory to the greatest number, and which would also be on a site favorable to the sugar company. The word received this morning is that the location chosen is Leland, on the Rio Grande Western Tintic branch, two and a half miles northwest of Spanish Fork and three miles northwest of Payson, a little east of Benjamin. The distance is 27 miles from Lehi, which will be piped to convey the beet juice, as is now done from Provo, Springville and Brigham Junction.

READY FOR THE BOUNTY.

(Special to the "News.") Idaho Falls, Dec. 4.—The new sugar mill of the Idaho Sugar company is now working smoothly, and is rolling out the sugar in beautiful shape. Fifteen hundred bags have been produced thus far, and the representatives of the state of Idaho are here from Boise to stamp the sugar, in order that it may be shipped, and that the Sugar company may receive the amount for bounty it has justly earned. This is one cent per pound, or 41 per bag.

Local Manager Mark Austin is feeling extremely well over the outlook, and is making all preparations to receive the board of directors, who will come up to inspect the plant next week.

ALMOST READY AT GARLAND.

(Special to the "News.") Garland, Utah, Dec. 4.—The final touches are being put on the new plant of the Utah Sugar company here, and the present expectations are that the cutting will commence Monday morning. The machinists have been proceeding cautiously, and have been in constant telephonic communication with Idaho Falls, so that the snags encountered in starting there may be avoided here. Local Manager Moshah Evans thinks the crop of beets will be worked up within 30 days.

American Mediterranean Service.

Berlin, Dec. 4.—An agreement has been concluded between the Hamburg-American and the White Star line whereby each will provide four steamships for the American Mediterranean service, the Hamburg-American steamers running from New York and the White Star vessels from Boston.

The Hamburg-American officers at Genoa will manage the White Star's portion of the business.

GOING TO PIECES UPON THE ROCKS.

Cruiser Flora Goes on to a Shelf With Her Bow High Up Out Of the Water.

THE SEA FAST RUSHING IN.

Ten Feet of Water Above Deck of the After Part, Top of Jackstaff Just Visible.

Seattle, Wash., Dec. 4.—A special from Victoria says: It was just day-break yesterday when the cruiser Flora slid on to the shell of rock with her bow high up out of water. The force of the stranding caused great excitement and when it was found that the sea was rushing in through the aft scuppers which had unfortunately been left open, the scene was indescribable. The position of the bow had forced the after part of the vessel low down in the water and when the flooding started the water rushed in with such rapidity that nothing could be done to prevent the inflow through the open scuppers and the after part of the cruiser sank below the surface.

Soon there was 10 feet of water above deck of the after part of the Flora. The top of her jackstaff being just visible. The crew and officers, unable to stop the rush of water through the open scuppers, were forced to the bow, whence they scrambled down on to the rocks. The bow of the cruiser is high and dry, well up on the rock, while the stern is submerged 10 feet. The stranding rises steeply where she struck, and there are a number of large boulder-like rocks, one of which wrought such damage when it penetrated the hull of the cruiser. The cruiser was held in a similar position, and with the falling tide broke her back. The cruiser shipped 600 tons of coal at the bunkers at Union, which she had just left when the disaster occurred and soon after the wreck her crew lightened her by the removal of 400 tons and her stores, but the crash with which she had been driven on the rocks had forced her too far up to allow of her floating, even if she had not filled aft when the scuppers were submerged. Much damage has been sustained. She is suspended on the rocks by the bow and she may prove to be a total wreck.

Suspected Thieves Caught.

Chicago, Dec. 4.—Special officers of the Pennsylvania railroad have captured three men suspected of many thefts of livestock from the cars of the company, and whom the city police claim to have been responsible for the long succession of holdups in the stock yards district. The gang was found in a deserted dwelling three blocks from the railroad, and in territory outside of the jurisdiction of the railway police.

WAGON IS COMING.

Salvation Army Will Call for Christmas Donations for Poor.

The commanding officer of the local Salvation army garrison, has issued the following announcement:

At this season of the year the Salvation Army salvage department has a great demand from the poor for clothing, etc., and the well-to-do are requested to give their cast-off clothing, old furniture, etc., to the Army for its work among the poor.

The object of the salvage work throughout the world is to encourage habits of self-support and independence instead of dependence upon others, so that, while cases of destitution are freely relieved a nominal sum is charged to all others, the Thanksgiving dinners, school shoe fund and Christmas tree are exceptions.

The money received is used toward

the expenses of this department and social relief work in general, thus following out the plan outlined by General Booth in his great social scheme for the amelioration of the conditions of the poor without pauperization.

TAKEN TO TASK.

Sheriff Receives a Letter Today from A Would-be Juror.

Sheriff Fleming this morning received an anonymous letter from a man who is evidently anxious to do some jury service in this county and has probably been slighted in that respect in the past. The writer of the letter is evidently not very well acquainted with the procedure of drawing a venire of jurymen, otherwise the opening question in his epistle would not have been asked. The letter follows in full: "C. Frank Emery, Sheriff."

"Why do you not follow the law and draw the jury out of the box, as the law prescribes? I know of several names who were put in the box at the beginning of the year but who have never been drawn out and yet at the same time other names have been taken for jury service. There is something rotten, it looks as if our officers are in with professional jurymen. We may need a cleaning up here like St. Louis, Minneapolis, etc. If you are not the right man about this matter please hand him this note."

MR. ALTMAN SPOKE.

Before Business College Students in Barratt Hall.

The commercial class, including students of the L. D. S. business college and Salt Lake business college met in Barratt Hall yesterday afternoon. Vice President C. H. Sprague took charge of the meeting in the absence of President Hicks who is now on duty with the national guard at Sunnyside.

The commercial club sent as its representative Col. Henry Altman, the well known mining promoter of New York, who has been actively engaged in Utah for some time past and is the founder of the Imperial and Majestic Mining and Smelting companies. Col. Altman addressed the students very entertainingly on the subject of "Manners," referring quite humorously to his experiences in many lands. Seated at a table near the speaker, Col. Altman addressed the students very entertainingly on the subject of "Manners," referring quite humorously to his experiences in many lands. Seated at a table near the speaker, Col. Altman addressed the students very entertainingly on the subject of "Manners," referring quite humorously to his experiences in many lands.

Col. Altman referred to his varied experiences from the time he was a boy earning in Pennsylvania 25 cents per day and explained what could be accomplished by persistent effort. The address was listened to with marked attention and was heartily applauded by the student body.

SOME RESOLUTIONS ABOUT SECESSION.

Texas Chapter, Daughters of the Confederacy, Commend President for His Endorsement of the Doctrine.

Houston, Texas, Dec. 3.—The Texas chapter of the Daughters of the Confederacy today adopted the following resolution:

"Whereas, The president of the United States, by his recent course toward the republic of Panama has shown to the world his endorsement of the principle of the right of secession; and

"Whereas, The people of the northern states by their acceptance and approval of his course have shown that they have taken the side of the principle of the right of secession; and

"Resolved, That we extend to the president the hearty thanks of the Daughters of the Confederacy of the state of Texas for his endorsement of the principles and his vindication of the cause for which the northern people would go gloriously but so disastrously in the war between the states."

Re-elected President of Reichstag.

Berlin, Dec. 4.—Count von Ballestad was today re-elected president of the reichstag, virtually unanimously.

Dowie's Troubles Grow.

Chicago, Dec. 4.—The first open notice of opposition to the bankruptcy proceedings against John Alexander Dowie was given in the United States district court today by an attorney for the Indianapolis grocery company, who are creditors of Dowie. In the filing of a claim for \$3,000, the attorney for the Indianapolis concern gave notice that at the proper stage of proceedings he would take action in court in opposition to the bankruptcy petition of other creditors. The contest will probably begin within a few days. Representatives of several other large creditors, it is said, will join in the fight to have the receivers ousted on the ground that Dowie is solvent and that creditors will get less if litigation is prolonged.

A middle-aged man, known to Dowie's followers as "the Milwaukee millionaire," arrived at Zion City today. A prominent Dowiette, who refused to allow the use of his name, said that the visitor was the "deliverer" whom Dowie mentioned at his rally meeting Wednesday as being willing to pay Dowie's debts. Dowie's secretary, if wished, Dowie and his cabinet met the newcomer at the depot, and a little later Dowie and Deacon Barnard left for Chicago to consult Attorney Jacob Newman.

Bandit Tries Bribery.

Chicago, Dec. 4.—One of the car barn bandits, Peter Neidermeier, today attempted to bribe Patrick Donnelly, one of the guards at the county jail, to allow him to escape, promising him \$25,000. Donnelly asked him where he would get the money and received the answer, "I'll get it all right."

Chief of Police O'Neil today received a contribution of \$5,000 from the Chicago City Railway company to aid the widows of the policemen who lost their lives in the pursuit of the bandits.

Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, are Good Days to Advertise in the Want Columns of the "News." Other Good Days are Thursday, Friday, Saturday.

FIFTY-THIRD YEAR.

MARTIAL LAW IN CRIPPLE CREEK.

Gov. Peabody Issues a Proclamation Declaring It and Suspends Writ of Habeas Corpus.

AUTHORITIES ARE POWERLESS.

Gold Camp is in a State of Insurrection and Rebellion is Rife Everywhere.

THE MILITARY IS NOW SUPREME.

Members of the Executive Committee of the Western Federation of Miners Are Now in Jail.

Denver, Colo., Dec. 4.—Gov. Peabody at noon today issued a proclamation declaring Cripple Creek under martial law and suspending the writ of habeas corpus. He declares that the gold camp is in a state of insurrection and rebellion and that the civil authorities are powerless.

In support of his action the governor cites the blowing up of the portion of the Victor mine and other acts of lawlessness, and he declares that it is impossible to control the turbulence of the camp by ordinary peaceable methods.

The proclamation does not state in so many words that martial law has been declared, and that the writ of habeas corpus has been suspended, but officials at the state house say that both these things are intended. The military will now deal with all alleged offenders and try and punish them.

MINERS IN JAIL.

Cripple Creek, Colo., Dec. 4.—C. G. Kennison, Sherman Parker and W. F. Davis, the executive committee of the Western Federation of Miners for this district, against whom informations were filed yesterday in the district court charging them with murder and conspiracy to murder, are now confined in the county jail but can obtain their freedom by furnishing bonds for \$15,000 each, the sum at which bail was fixed by Judge Seeds. The accused men say that they court the fullest investigation of their conduct during the strike and that the charges against them have been trumped up to get them out of the way.

MITCHELL GOES TO WALSEN-BURG.

Trinidad, Colo., Dec. 4.—President John Mitchell, of the United Mine Workers of America, accompanied by a number of organizers and district leaders, left here this morning for Walsenburg, the Huertano coal mining center and later in the day will go to Denver, where he will probably have a conference with Gov. Peabody in reference to the strike situation. Coal operators declare that no concessions involving the mining of the mine union in any manner will be considered but that the strike will be fought out to a finish. Labor leaders are planning for a sympathetic strike of all members of unions in this city.

Indians Want McArthur Removed.

Spokane, Wash., Dec. 4.—A petition, signed by 100 of the Nez Perce Indians, has been forwarded to the secretary of the interior, asking for the removal of E. T. McArthur, superintendent of the Nez Perce reservation Indian schools, and ex-officio agent. McArthur is charged with cruelly treating his charges and reflections are cast upon his management of the funds of the reservation. Copies of the petition have also been sent to Senators Herburn and Dubois.

Iowa Banker Suicides.

Des Moines, Iowa, Dec. 4.—George Wood, a prominent banker of Colfax, was himself through on charges of conspiracy to defraud the government on contracts, Louis A. Goetz, an accountant in the office of McGregor in the free delivery bureau at Walsenburg, identified certain bills sent to Charles E. Smith, the Baltimore leather merchant, who furnished pouches on an agreement to pay Upton and McGregor "rake off." On cross-examination Goetz said that McGregor and Ellisworth Upton were known in the department as honest and upright men.

Conspiracy Trials Proceed.

Baltimore, Dec. 4.—In the trial today of Columbus Ellisworth Upton and Thomas W. McGregor, on charges of conspiracy to defraud the government on contracts, Louis A. Goetz, an accountant in the office of McGregor in the free delivery bureau at Walsenburg, identified certain bills sent to Charles E. Smith, the Baltimore leather merchant, who furnished pouches on an agreement to pay Upton and McGregor "rake off." On cross-examination Goetz said that McGregor and Ellisworth Upton were known in the department as honest and upright men.

William B. Hager, receiving clerk in McGregor's office, testified that he had received the boxes of pouches shipped by Smith. Emma Converse and Robert A. Pendleton, stenographers in the office of McGregor, identified certain letters that had been written to Smith, James A. Dickery, clerk in McGregor's office, identified carbon copies of letters sent to Smith, Herbert W. Anderson, a clerk in charge of the correspondence of McGregor's office, also identified certain letters from McGregor's office which were written to Smith.

Compelled to Shoot Her Husband.

Des Moines, Ia., Dec. 4.—In an effort to arrest her divorced husband, who escaped from an insane asylum recently, Mrs